PUBLISHED DAILY.

# BOMBAY GAZETTE

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1841

Vol. LIII. Price 13 Rupees Per Quarter —52 Rupees Per Annum ;—or, if paid in Advance, 48 Rupees Per Annum. New Series No. 124

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IN future persons requiring ADVERTISEMENTS to be published in THIS JOURNAL will please to SEND them to this Office before 6 P. M and endorsed with the number of times they are to be inserted.

CONTRACTS may be made by applying to the PRINTER.

Bombay, August, 1841.

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Gazette Office, Augt. 30th 1841.

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WHICH will contain a Precis of Indian Intelligence for the past Month.

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The Outstation Subscribers to the *Bombay Gazette* are hereby informed that if they will favor the Editor with the names of the Parties in England to whom they wish their Overland Summary to be sent, they will be forwarded punctually through the Post Office here by each Steamer.

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### TO THE ARMY AND NAVY.

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JOSEPH BERRIDGE. Secretary.

PROCLAMATION—*Bombay to Wit.*—By virtue of a precept to me directed, I hereby proclaim and give notice, that the Sessions of Oyer and Terminer, and General Gaol Delivery, will be holden before the Supreme Court of Judicature, at Bombay, at the COURT HOUSE on Friday, the 3d day of December next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, and other Felonies, Perjuries, Trespasses, and other Crimes and Misdemeanors, had, done, or committed, within the town and Island of Bombay, and the limits thereof, and the factories subordinate thereto, and also to enquire, hear and determine, in like manner, all Treasons, Murders, Felonies, Forgeries, Perjuries, Crimes, Extortions, Misdemeanors, Trespasses, Wrongs, Oppressions, had, done, or committed, by any of Her Majesty's British subjects, in any of the territories which now are subject to, or dependent upon the said Government of Bombay, or within any of the dominions of the native Princes of India, in Alliance with the said Government.

And also, that at the same time and place will be holden a Session of Admiralty, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, Piracies, Robberies, Trespasses, Misdemeanors, and other crimes and offences had, done, perpetrated, or committed, on the high seas.

And I hereby require and enjoin all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Sessions, or in any way concerned therein, to attend at the time and place above mentioned, and not to depart without leave of the Court.

L. C. C. RIVETT,
*Sheriff.*

BOMBAY, SHERIFF'S OFFICE
19*th Nov.* 1841.

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### ADVERTISEMENT.

**EDULJEE CURSETJEE'S SONS,**

WILL SELL

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WILLIAM KEYS FOGERTY, ESQ.,

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THE same comprises a complete assortment of VALUABLE FURNITURE (made by the late R. FERRAR,) of **Drawing, Dining, Bed,** and **Dressing** Rooms, of rich **Green** Silk **Damask** Jackwood **Couches, Ottoman, Pier, Card,** and **Side** Tables, with Marble SLABS, CHANDELIERS (moon with Drops) Pedestal LAMPS of the latest improved Patent HANGING (GILT MOON) LAMPS, 5 Light Wall GIRANDOLES with Drops &c. Large PIER GLASSES, PICTURES, CLOCKS (French and English) and Table Bijouterie.—ALSO a very ELEGANT GRAND UPRIGHT SELF ACTING PIANO FORTE with 4 Barrels, made to ORDER by MESSRS. ROLFE and SONS, Cornhill, London. LARGE MUSICAL BOXES, a solid Spanish MAHOGANY DINING TABLE, WARDROBES, &c.

Catalogues are published

The Property is now on view.

### MESSRS. ALLEN & CO.'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

On Commission Sale.

## MESSRS. ALLEN & CO.

HAVE received the following GOODS for Sale *on Commission*, viz.

Double Barrelled **Pistols** by "*Rabone,*" at Rs.120 per pair.

Single Barrelled **Holster Pistols** in handsome Mahogany cases, by the same maker, at 85 Rupees per pair.

Double Barrelled **Fowling Pieces** by "*Rabone,*" in cases complete, at Rs. 120 each, *to close an Invoice.*

New and improved Wove **Wire Dish Covers,** at Rs. 30 per set of *six* ; also **Wire Plate Covers** to match.

German Silver **Drinking Mugs** with Plate Glass Bottoms, at 3¾ at 5 Rs. each.

Britannia Metal do., at from 25 to 35 Rs. per dozen.

Military **Saddles** with Holsters, &c. complete, Rupees 56.

New Regulation Military **Flat Bridles,** with polished Bits, at Rups. 20 to 25 each.

Best Steel twisted **Snaffle Bits** at 4½ Rups.

White **Surcingles,** 1½ Rs. each.

**Stirrup Leathers,** 1½ Rs. per pair.

Double **Shot Belts,** at 5 Rs. each.

Best quality Metal **Tea** and **Coffee Pots,** made to order of assorted sizes, at Rups. 1½ to 3¾ each.

Hunting **Whips** at 7 Rs.

Spare **Balls** and **Pulleys** for Argand Lamps, at Rs. 11 per set.

Gentlemen's and Ladies' handsome **Riding Whips**

ALSO,

A handsome assortment of the best London printed MUSLIN and COTTON DRESSES of two, three, five and seven colors, at 7 Rs. each.

Japan Silk and Silk Foulard **Dresses,** at Rs. 30 per Dress.

**Mandarin Silk Dresses,** at Rs. 18 ea.

Swiss Muslin **Dresses** of the latest patterns, at Rups. 7 each.

A few pieces of newest fashion **Bonnet Ribbons,** at 1 Rupee per yard.

Handsome **Chalis Dresses,** Rups. 14 each.

An assortment of best London printed **Flannel** for Ladies Dressing Gowns, *Warranted fast colors,* at 2 Rs. per yard.

A quantity of best London **Cottons** and "*Walker's*" gold eyed **Needles,** each in handsome boxes.

A choice assortment of Ladies' and Children's STOCKINGS and GLOVES, and Gentlemen's real Paris KID GLOVES.

LIKEWISE,

Cash and Deed **Boxes** with "*Chubb*" and "*Bramah*" Locks, and a few spare "*Chubb*" LOCKS.

A few very Superior London-made Ladies **Scizzors** and Gentlemen's best **Razors** and **Penknives.**

Also a few best London-made Velvet Hunting CAPS.

And a fresh invoice of OILMAN'S STORES, consisting of assorted PICKLES, SAUCES. Essence of COFFEE, &c. at moderate prices.

## MESSRS. ALLEN & CO.

HAVE also received for Commission Sale,

A few dozens Crown brand Sillery CHAMPAGNE, quarts, Rs. 40, pints 25 per dozen.

Clossmann's 1st quality CLARET, in English quart bottles, at 30 Rs. per dozen.

London particular MADEIRA, in six dozen cases, at Rs. 22 per dozen.

Best Copenhagen Cherry BRANDY in pints, at 12 Rs. per dozen.

Apollo Street, 15th Nov. 1841.

### VALUABLE JEWELLERY FOR SALE.

## MESSRS. ALLEN & CO.

HAVE received for COMMISSION SALE, from an eminent Jeweller in London, a new and choice selection of JEWELLERY as follows, and which is now on show at their Rooms in Apollo Street.

Ladies' solid gold **RINGS,** set in precious stones, each in Morocco case—Rs. 8 to 17 each.

Pairs of fancy jet solid gold **Earrings,** Rs. 6.

Carved do. Rs. 6 at 12.

Black **centre pieces** of different patterns, from 3 at 4 Rs. each.

Black **Buckles,** Rs. 6.

Plain Jet Slab **Brooches** set in solid fine Gold, Rs. 12½ each.

Jet **BROOCHES,** set in Onyx, Pearls, &c. from Rs. 1½ at 3 each.

Very rich Gold **BROOCHES** from Rs. 13 at 26 each.

Gold-gilt waist **Buckles** from Rs. 2½ to 4 each.

Ladies Gold-gilt **TIARAS** at Rs. 5 each.

Gold **WATCH HOOKS** from Rs. 6 to 10 each.

Handsome Gold **Necklaces,** in cases lined with velvet, from 80 to 150 Rs.

Ladies best Silver **THIMBLES** at 12 Rs. per dozen.

Very handsome Gilt do. at Rs. 30 per dozen (in Leather cases.)

London made spare Gold Breguet **WATCH KEYS** at Rs. 6 each.

Colored Gold EARRINGS at from Rs. 29 to Rs. 44 per pair.

A Torqoise suit in case complete at Rs. 80.

Gem, Onyx, Regard, Ruby, Pearl Half Loop, and Ruby and Emerald RINGS, in Morocco cases at from 20 to 24 Rs. each.

A single Diamond RING at Rs. 80.

Colored Gold BRACELETS from Rs 75 to 95 per pair.

Gold **Lockets** from 7 at 25 Rs. each.

Wedding **Rings** 6 Rs. each.

Small Gold SEALS with Devices at Rs. 6 each ; And a few sets of fine Enamelled Gold **Studs** at 8 Rs. per set.

N. B. These Goods will be found upon inspection, of the newest and most fashionable style, and, being consigned on account of the maker, are moderately priced to ensure a ready sale.

Apollo Street, 15th Nov. 1841.

### TO MESSES AND FAMILIES AT OUT-STATIONS.

MESSRS. ALLEN AND Co. beg to announce, tha they are prepared to meet all orders from Out stations, for every description of article they may be favored with instructions to supply.

Their CHARGES will be 5 (five) per cent. (*Commission*), superadded to the Market prices of the articlee supplied, which will, in all cases, be WARRANTED of ths quality, and description ordered.

TERMS.—*Cash,* or a reference for payment, after two months, at Bombay.

Apollo Street, *9th November* 1841.

### MRS. ADDISON'S WORK.

**To the Gentry, Civil & Military of the Hon. East India Company's Bombay Establishment.**

GENTLEMEN,

I trust the circumstances I am about to name will plead in extenuation for the request this letter conveys. I was induced to publish a work with the intention of obtaining if possible, as many subcribers as would enable us to emigrate to upper Canada, and those who have honoured me with their Patronage I beg to offer them the expressions of my best acknowledgements, though I regret to add we shall never derive any benefit from it, the Publisher having become insolvent, and consequently the whole of the subscriptions become the Property of the assignees. Being thus circumstanced, I know of no other resource to relieve us from our great distress than making a final appeal to the generosity and sympathy of the Civil, Naval, & Military Gentry of the Hon'ble East India Company's Service on the three Presidencies, in the hopes they will aid us in escaping from privations no longer supportable, and which can easily be imagined, when I state that after deducting 45 £ for a ready—furnished house, for we were compelled from necessity to dispose of our furniture, we possess but 83 £ to subsist twelve persons upon, and to purchase clothes with, and this includes 10 £ derived by a Pension from the Corporation Office to Captain Addison's Sister as being the Orphan Daughter of a Clergyman, and who has been supported by her Brother for the last seven years. Could I have brought out another work, I should have preferred doing so ; but neither my health nor spirits will permit me. It is painful, I can assure you, to make such an appeal, but I have preferred this humiliation to seeing my children starve, which would have been the case had we not received some assistance from a few Gentlemen of the India Service, and a timely loan from Messrs. Grindlay & Co., to all of whom I shall ever feel grateful. I therefore most respectfully, but reluctantly solicit subscriptions from the charitable and humane of the service my husband had the honor to belong, to enable us to accomplish our long-desired object, which would place us in a state of comparative affluence from that of the greatest misery. Those who may be so kind as to subscribe I beg they will have the goodness to remit their subscriptions to Messrs. Leckie, & Co.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your most obedient servant,
LOUISA ADDISON.

Jersey, August 23d. 1841

THE SUBSCRIBERS to the GAZETTE are requested that whenever a change of residence or Station may take place, they will be pleased to give information of the same, in order, to prevent mistakes in forwarding their Newspaper.

### NOTICE.

THE Public is hereby informed, that the BOMBAY GAZETTE PRESS has been removed from the late Premises No. 5, Forbes Street, and is now occupying the Premises in Apollo Street, Old Admiralty House, opposite the Bombay Chamber of Commerce and Exchange Rooms, where all communications to the Editor will be received.—Bombay, 5th April 1841.

# INDIAN INTELLIGENCE.

## North West Provinces.

No further news from Kabul, and our hopes and fears are consequently greater than ever, speculation upon the reason of such interruption in our communication is almost useless, and only leads to a more disastrous conclusion than we are willing to admit. In the want of other information we may mention a report which for some days past has been prevalent here, but which we are loth to credit and which we would not even have mentioned had it not reached us in another form from other quarters. It is said, the crowning act of Sir W. Macnaghten's policy in Affghanistan has been an attempt to introduce the half Batta principle among the troops in that quarter, and that the men resisted the obnoxious measure in so firm a manner as to induce the envoy to retire from a field in which he could not certainly figure to advantage, half Batta and all. It is with difficulty that we can persuade ourselves that one who has been so continual a witness of the prowess,, privations and exertions of those who have been the means of upholding his King and policy could propose so ungracious and hard hearted a proceeding. Sir William must also have quite sufficient sense and certainly a quantum suff of diplomatic skill to avoid under present circumstances the collision which such an attempt could not but bring about, and from which nothing could save his retirement but with discomfiture, and place the country in a dilemma productive of the worst results. No, we cannot believe that the nominated Governor of Bombay has been so foolish, so unjust, or so regardless of the deserts of his supporters as to harbour even the thought of rewarding in the manner report has given out, those who have done their duty so well; we cannot entertain the notion of his having done so, but if he has we honestly confess that we are glad the matter has terminated as is represented, and can only cry out shame! —*Delhi Gazette, Nov.* 10.

Our readers must excuse comments upon the scraps of intelligence we have received, we must defer them until we can give more detailed accounts, for at present, it is almost impossible to make out the exact position of the different parties or the details of the engagements. For the *satisfactions* of those concerned, we may as well mention, that no mail from Kabul has been received at Loodianah since that of the 1st October, and the latest letters from Kandahar bear date 28th September. The following are the Extracts alluded to:

*Peshawur, 27th October.*

"The road to Cabool is still closed, with little prospect of its being speedily opened, though the Envoy thinks otherwise. The mails from the provinces are all lying at Gundamuk- It is said that in the affair of the 12th, where General Sale and so many Officers were wounded, the enemy lost only two men. A Chapow was made on our camp, but the enemy was driven off with loss. Another is said to have been made, in which camels, horses, and a good deal of baggage fell into their hands. The scene of action is, I believe, about Tezein at present.—They have been talking of a Chapow on Gundamuk. I do not know what Troops are in the field, but Colonel Monteith seems to be commanding."

*Gundamuk, 26th October.*

"The affair with the Ghilzies has been brought to a close, and I hope we shall now be able again to open our communication with Cabool, which has been closed since the 3rd.

The force from Cabool, while lying inactive at Khoord Cabool, was attacked on the night of the 17th. Our loss was not, I believe, very heavy. I have had no particulars of this attack, any letters that may have been sent me, having miscarried; but I am sorry to say Jenkins of the 35th was wounded, it is supposed mortally. On the 22d, our force advanced on Tezein where they found the enemy in position on the heights over the Tezein valley. From these heights they drove him, and took one of his forts, these objects were effected by dusk, but not without loss, Ens. King, of H. M. 13th, and 3 Europeans having been killed, and eight or ten of all branches wounded On the 23d the force was to have attacked another of their forts, but could not make arrangements for so doing, and in the meantime, the enemy commenced to make overtures. Macgregor and Captain Paton visited his camp by invitation, at which the Chiefs were highly delighted, and agreed to the terms offered after about 24 hours consideration. Hostages were given on the evening of the 24th. The Goorauch affair was settled without Colonel Oliver's having to fire a shot."—Ibid.

Just as we were going to press, we received the following intelligence of a sharp encounter with the Affghons near Cabool:—

"There has been a fight near Cabool, the Affghans attacked our camp near Gundavuck at night, a fight of four hours ensued, and two Officers are said to have been killed. Jenkins of the 35th said to be one—several wounded and 100 sick and wounded sent into Cabool."—*Agra Ukhbar, Nov.* 11.

Letters of the 3rd instant from Peshawar inform us, that all communication with Affghanistan was still closed up to that date. The cause of this continued stoppage of our dawks cannot but be regarded as portentous of some disaster—some unprecedented reverse to our arms in Affghanistan. We are left so utterly in the dark as to what actually has or has not occurred in that quarter, that without being *alarmists* we cannot fail to be *alarmed*. The handful of troops which our sapient Governor General has seen fit to regard as abundantly sufficient for the occupation of that vast and "*savage*" country, may have encountered a force which it was wholly unequal to contend with in the field; it may consequently have retired upon some strong, position, and it may *there* be in safety. This is the best that we can anticipate as the cause of this protracted cessation of our intercourse with our troops at Cabool; and *how* inglorioas, how mortifying, *how* utterly destructive of that *prestige of success*, which has been for so long a period an attendant on our arms, must such a condition of events be deemed.

From Ferozepore, we learn, by letters of 5th, that orders had just been received from Government for the postponement of the march of the Convoy towards Cabool, and further that it had been distinctly required that no ladies should be permitted to accompany it. The movement of a single corps in that direction at the present juncture would indeed be madness: it would be worse; it would amount to nothing short of the sacrifice of the entire body; and we cannot just now afford to sacrifice even one Regiment.—Ibid.

A letter from Loodianah of the 5th instant, states that the Khoord Pass is not yet open, but a letter from Sir W. Macnaghten gives hopes that it will be presently cleared of the rebels. The authorities at Caubul manage to send expresses by some other route, though the regular Dawk is stopped. It is rumoured that there has been much brisk fighting with these Brigands, and our Light Infantry have had fine sniping practice, but the enemy are as difficult to dislodge as so many badgers, from their lurking places.—Ibid.

The Court of Directors have, we learn, resolved to undertake the Great Ganges and Dooab Canal, and have sent out orders (brought by the last Overland) for the immediate commencement of the work, which will be carried on under the able Superintendence of Captaio Cautley, with whom it originated, or rather by whom it was shewn to be perfectly practicable, sane compared with the immense advantages that must result from it, cheap, We formerly noticed the undertaking, which is, briefly, to be a Canal, fed by the Ganges and to run through the Dooab, to Allahabad, thus ensuring that large tract of country from the terrible effects of failures by the periodical rains, such as were experienced in 1837-8. We hope Capt. Cautley will himself be able to conclude this undertaking, unparalleled among the public works of India, and which owes its commencement to his own unwearied exertions.—Ibid.

### DELHI.

The prevalent fever is abating a little but not so much as the state of the weather would have led us to expect.

Out of 3240 men in the Cantonment there are no less than 755 in the Hospitals of whom 704 are suffering from fever. The decrease in the past week is 103.

The Light Company of the 10th N. I., marched on the 7th inst., to Meerut to join the 2d Light Infantry Battalion under the command of Lieut. Reid.

The 22d N. I. has lost a young officer Ensign Macmillan who died at Mussoorie some days ago of fever.

Dr. Login arrived here on the 2d, and proceeded towards Lucknow where he succeeds Dr. Stevenson on the 5th, Dr. L. was attached to Major D'Arcy Todd's Mission in Affghanistan.—*Englishman Nov.* 10.

### ALLYGHUR.

A wing of the 48th N. I., left this a few days ago to do duty at Agra.—Ibid.

### MORADABAD.

The 34th Regt. N. I. under command of Lieut.-Col. Mark Webber arrived here to relieve the 21st on the 3d. The latter Corps commenced its march towards Behrampoor on the 5th.—Ibid.

### CAWNPOOR.

On dit that a certain Major of Court *Martial* notoriety, after concluding the defence of an Officer now being tried, retires from the Service.—Ibid.

### NUSSEERABAD.

I have just heard a requisition has been made by the Superintending Surgeon for an Assistant Surgeon to be sent hence owing to the paucity of Medical Officers at Neemuch. I know not what reply has been returned, but when I tell you there are *only two* Medical Officers here (and one of them sick) to perform the duties of 3 Regiments of Infantry, a company of Foot Artillery, besides Detachments and Staff, it requires little penetration to echo what the answer must have been.

* * * A letter from Neemuch mentions, that there are upwards of 400 sick in the several hospitals and great want of Medical aid.—Ibid.

### NEEMUCH

Nov. 3d.—Balls and Parties are on the tapis, several families having postponed their departure. The Races will be put off, this season, owing to the badness of the race coarse. Some half dozen Officers have gone into the district for change of air.—Ibid,

### JUBBULPOOR.

We have no news here of any consequence; however the following local items may not be uninteresting: Mr. Hoare the Junior Assist. to the Commissioner arrived on the 29th from Saugor. We are soon to loose Capt. Reynolds, General Superintendent for the suppression of Thuggee in the Deccan and Dr. Spilsbury, the former proceeds the latter end of next month to England, the latter, a highly talented and esteemed Resident of this place for 19 or 20 years, leaves to join his Corps previous to his promotion to the Rank of Superintending Surgeon. It is supposed Capt. Brown will succeed Reynolds. Our rainy season has been most propitious and some splendid showers during the the last few days, keep the price of grain at it's old rates viz. 90 seers of grain for the Nagpoor Rupee of 14 annas. Upwards of 4 lacs of Rupees worth of grain leaves this place annually for Gwalior and Agra by Brinjaree bullocks. I hear the Thugs here are engaged on the manufacture of the new pattern caps for the Bengal Regiments and the beneficial results which must accrue to themselves and the public from thus employing the reprobates under his charge reflects the highest credit on the zeal and talents of Capt. Brown. Ibid.

## Calcutta.

At a meeting of the Tropic Insurance Company held yesterday, a dividend of 300 Rs. per share was declared. We refer our readers to another column for an abstract of state of the Company's affairs.

The following extract from a Ferozepore letter, dated the ultimo, makes some little addition, in the names of wounded officers, to the late affair near Cabool, in regard to which we have also more accounts which lead us to doubt the skill and prudence of General Sale, though we admire his bravery. which military records have so often attested during at least these forty years:—

"Just received a letter from Peshawur mentioning that Sale's Brigade had just forced the Koorb Caubool Pass *after a stiff fight* in which 40 on our side have been killed and several officers wounded, among who are General Sale himself, Lieutenants Mein and Oakes of the 13th Light Infantry, Younghusband and Coombs of the 35th It appears Gool Mahomed is the arch rebel. The enemy said to be in great force still and another brush expected soon, this is all that has come now, if more arrives you shall know early.

Accounts from Cabool mention that two Officers of of Her Majesty's 44th are shut up in a Fort at Lughtam Teerghvree, whither they proceeded with a detachment of Huzarbash Horse. If the people do not turn against the Huzarbash, there is no fear on the Officer's account; but should they allow themselves to be intimidated by Mahomed Shah Khan, one of the rebel chiefs, who is tampering with them for the delivering up of the Officers, the situation of the latter will be perilous. If the Huzarbash would make a vigorous push, they might get away from their enemies; but they appear reluctant to leave their mud walls.

KEDGEREE.—Mermaid, B. V. passed up at 7 a. m., and returned and anchored at 2 30 p. m.; Agincourt anchored at 8 and Morayshire 10 a. m.

DIAMOND HARBOUR—Ann, passed down (time not mentioned)

HOOGHLY POINT—Malabar anchored in Hooghly Bight at 9; Ann passed down at 11 and Warrior at 1 p. m.

MOYAPORE—Novele Ermauce. passed up yesterday evening, and Fattlebary, in tow of the Seetako ond a 8 a. m.; Salazas and John Cree, passed down at 3 and Andrew Henderson, S. V. at 5 p. m.

FAILLURD OF THE HOUSE OF CANTOR AND LOW. We are sorry to have to announce—as an item of City News—the failure of the very respectable house of Cantor and Lop, intelligence of which transpired in the course of Saturday. We believe that this event is the result of the stoppage of a house in England, with which the Calcutta firm were largely connected, and that the steps taken by Messrs. C. and L were more of a precautionary nature, than a measure of immediate necessity. It is expected that the affairs of the House will be wound up the satisfaction of all its constituents.—Hurkaru, Nov. 8,

## General Order,—Queen's Troops.

*Head quarters, Camp, Moorutgunge-ke-Serai, 2d November,* 1481.

No. 201.—I. At a General Court Martial holden at Colabah, Bombay, on Thursday, the 2d day of September, 1841, Lieut. E. C. Moore, Her Majesty's 17th Foot, was arraigned on the following charges:

CHARGES.—'1st. For having, on or about the evening of the 24th July 1841, sent a challenge to, and fought a duel, with Lieut. R. Hawkes, of Her Majesty's 4th. or King's own Regiment of Foot, this being the third instance, within six months, in which he, Lieutenant E. C. Moore, has been engaged as a principal in hostile meetings, with officers of Her Majesty's Army.

'2d. For having at his, Lieutenant Moore's quarters at Colabah, on or about the evening of the 24th July 1841, entered into an altercation with Lieut. R. Hawkes of Her Majesty's 4th, or King's own Regiment; and having then and there exchanged with the said Lieutenant Hawkes gross and disreputable language.

'3d. For having, on or about the night of the 24th, or morning of the 25th July 1841, again sent a challenge to, and entered into an engagement to meet the said Lieut. R. Hawkes of Her Majesty's 4th, or King's own Regiment, on the 25th or 26th of the same month, for the purpose of fighting with that officer another duel; which meeting was prevented by the parties being placed under arrest.

'4th. For having, in a letter dated 2d July 1841, which he, Lieut. E. C. Moore, addressed to Ensign W. Campbell, of the 2d Bombay Light Infantry, requiring a settlement of a gambling debt of Rupees (3,300) Three Thousand Three Hundred, used the following language to that officer:

'I will now conclude by most positively assuring you, that if you do not pay me forthwith, or accede to some reasonable proposals, I will feel myself bound, for the safety of other officers, to publish your name publicly in every newspaper in Bombay, and rest assured I will do it almost immediately if you do not come to some proper arrangement.'

'The whole or part of such conduct, as aforesaid, being unbecoming the character of an officer and a gentleman, prejudicial to good order and military discipline, and subversive of that unanimity and good feeling, which should at all times exist in the service.

REVISED FINDING.—'With respect to the 1st charge, that the prisoner Lieutenant E. C Moore H. M. 17th Regiment, is guilty, with the exception of the words 'and a gentleman.'

'With respect to the 2nd charge, that he is guilty, with the exception of the words 'the character of.'

'With respect of the 3rd charge that he is guilty, with the exception of the words 'again sent a challenge' and the words 'and a gentleman.'

'With respect to the 4th charge, the court is of opinion, that the clause set forth in the charge was written by the prisoner Lieut. E. C. Moore, but under the circumstances attach no criminality thereto.'

REVISED SENTENCE.—The court, having found the prisoner guilty to the extent above shown, do now sentence him the said prisoner Lieut. E. C. Moore, Her Majesty's 17th Regiment, to be dismissed Her Majesty's Service.'

Confirmed.

(Signed) J. NICOLLS, General.
Commander-in-chief East Indies.

1st November, 1841.

RECOMMENDATION BY THE COURT.—'The court having performed the painful duty of awarding a sentence in accordance with its finding, most respectfully beg leave to recommend the prisoner to His Excellency the Commander-in Chief's favorable consideration, from his youth and inexperience, as well as from circumstances which have been brought forward during the trial.'

*Remarks by His Excellency the Commander-in-chief in India.*—The Commander in-chief in India has been prevented by very severe indisposition from giveg his opinion earlier on this very unpleasant case—The delay has however caused His Excellency to give it nearly a second perusal.

The result is, that he confirms, in full, the sentence of the court, as he is quite convinced, that Her Majesty's 17th Regiment, and the Army in genera', will be greatly benefitted by the removal of an officer whose demeanor and bearing towards his brother officers have been so highly objectionable and at times violent.

His Excellency regrets, that he cannot meet the recommendation of the Court.

His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir Thomas McMahon will be pleased to notify the day on which this sentence may be made known to Lieutenant Moore, and to order, that he be struck off the strength of Her Majesty's 17th Foot from that day.

2. Leave of absedce.—13th Light Infantry—Major Squire, prolonged to the 28th February 1842, to proceed to Calcutta, to appear before a Board of Medical Officers.

By order of His Excellency the Commander-in-chief,
H. G. SMITH, Major General,
Adjutant General H. M. Forces in India.

## General Orders by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

*Head-Quarters, Camp, Allahabad.*

20th October 1841.—At a General Court Martial assembled at Cawnpore, on Monday, the 18th day of Oct. 1841, Lieutenant Robert Stein, of the 49th N. I., was arraigned on the following charges:

Charge:—'With conduct unbecoming the character of an officer and a gentleman, in the following instances:

'1st.—In having, at Cawnpore, on the evening of the 1st of September 1841, attended the weekly inspection parade of his company improperly dressed, and in a state of intoxication.

'2nd.—For having gone to a party at the assembly rooms, at Cawnpore, on the night of the same date, in a state of intoxication, and having there misconducted himself.'

Finding.—'The Court are of opinion, from the evidence before them, that Lieut. Robert Stein, of the 49th N. I. is guilty of the 1st instance of the charge, and guilty of the 2nd instance, with the exception of his having gone to a party at the assembly rooms in a state of intoxication, of which the court do acquit him. The court are further of opinion, that the conduct of which they have found Lieut. Robert Stein, 49th N. I., guilty, is unbecoming the character of an officer and a gentleman.

Sentence.—'The court do sentence Lieut. Robert Stein the 49th N. I., to be placed at the bottom of the list Lieuts. in his regiment.

Approved and confirmed.

(Signed) J. NICOLLS,
*General and Commander-in-chief.*

*Allahabad, 28th Oct.* 1841.

REMARKS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF IN INDIA.

Dismissal from the service was fully merited, and authorized by the law. The court has, however, passed a more lenient sentence, and His Excellency has confirmed it.

No officer can hope for mercy, who dares to attend parade as this unfortunate person ventured to do; our ranks contain few officers; they should be good. The devoted sepoy will follow his officer to death, as thousands have done; but who can respect the tottering drunkard?

The Commander-in-chief desires, that young men will recognise the beacon set up by this verdict; and restrain in time a vicioda, dangerous and humiliating propensity.

Lieutenant Stein's commission is to be sent in for correction: and he is to be released and to return to duty as junior of his rank in the 49th N. I.

*30th October* 1841.—At a general court martial assembled at Barrackpore, on Wednesday the 22d September 1841, Lieutenant Frederick William Denne Lloyd, of the 25th N. I., was arraigned on the following charges:—

*Charge.*—'With conduct disgraceful to an officer and a gentleman, in the following instances; viz.

'1st. In having appropriated, and given away to another officer, at Barrackpore, on or about the 2d of July 1841, an opera glass, which he (Lieutenant Lloyd) knew not to be his own property, but to have been found some time before in a box containing articles not belonging to himself, and of which he had negligently retained possession, without having attempted to discover the owner.

'2d. In having falsely declared, at the time of giving away the opera glass in question, that it had been given to him (Lieutenant Lloyd) by his brother.

3. In having received, at Barrackpore, shortly after the same period, a letter from Lieutenant Weelwright of the Artillery Regiment, accusing him of theft, and couched as other severe terms, in allusion to his (Lieutenant Lloyd) in retention of the articles adverted to in the previous instances, and to his appropriation, and giving away of the opera glass above mentioned; of all which articles the said Lieutenant Wheelwright was the owner, and of which his letter demanded restitution; and having taken no steps to repel or to remove the imputations of the said letter, which he destroyed, or to restore the articles in question, till they were personally demanded from him about the 29th July 1841, by Lieutenant Wheelwright.'

*Finding.*—The court, upon the evidence before it finds the prisoner Lieutenant Frederick William Denne Lloyd, of 25th N. I., of the charge preferred against him.

'On the 1st instance, guilty.

'On the 2d instance guilty.

'On the 3d instance, the court finds the prisoner guilty of having received at Barrackpore, shortly after the period stated in the first instance, a letter from Lieutenant Wheelwright, of the artillery regiment, not accusing him of theft, but couched in other severe terms, in allusion to his (Lieutenant Lloyd's) retention of the articles adverted to in the previous opera glass mentioned therein: of all which articles, the said Lieutenant Wheelwright was the owner, and of which his letter demanded restitution; and of having taken no steps to repel, or remove the imputations of the said letter which he destroyed) or to restore the articles in question, till they were personally demanded from him about the 29th of July 1841. by Lieutenant Wheelwright.

'The Court further finds, that the conduct of which it has pronounced Lieutenant Lloyd guilty, is disgraceful to an officer and a gentleman.

Sentence.—The court sentences the prisoner Lieutenant Frederick William Denne Lloyd, of the 25th N. I. to be cashiered.'

Approved and confirmed.

(Signed) J. NICOLLS,
General and Commander in chief.

Allahabad, October 29th 1841.

RECOMMENDATION BY THE COURT.—The Court having performed its painful duty in passing sentence upon the prisoner, begs leave most respectfully, on the score of his youth and apparent entire want of judgment and discretion to recommend him to the merciful consideration of His Excellency the Commander in-chief.

REMARKS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF.—The prisoner Lieutenant Lloyd has had a very dispassionate trial; his judges were officers of five distinct regiments of native infantry: he had the benefit of legal aid.

The court has gravely affirmed his guilt upon the 1st and 2d instances of the charge and in a qualified degree upon the 3d. It then pronounces Lieutenant Lloyd's conduct disgraceful to an officer and a gentleman. The Commander-in-chief concurs fully in the verdict, but cannot remit the merited penalty, as the court seems disposed to recommend: as he thinks, a person who does not understand the first rule of society, is entirely unworthy to hold an honored station amongst gentlemen, as he seems unable to comprehend the simplest of its conventional duties.

Lieutenant Lloyd's name is to be struck off the rolls of the 25th N. I., from the day on which the order is published at Barrackpore, which Major General Burgh will be pleased to notify.

By order of His Excellency the Commander-in-chief,
P. CRAIGIE, Major,
Acting Adjt. Genl. of the Army.

BENGAL HURKARU, NOV. 10.

Yesterday's dawk brought us, among the General Orders from the Commander in Chief's camp the official records of another court martial upon a young officer, attended with dismissal from the service. Lieut. E. C. Moore, of H. M.'s 17th regiment, has been tried at Bombay for sending challenges and fighting duels; and, although the court, after sentencing him to be dismissed, recommended the prisoner to mercy on the score of his youth and inexperience, the Commander-in-Chief has ordered the full penalty to be awarded, and lieut. E. Moore is accordingly struck off the strength of the 17th regiment.

It may be in the recollection of our military readers, that a short time ago, the proceedings of a court martial on Lieutent. R. Hawkes, of the King's Own were published in the papers, both of this and of the Bombay presidency. Lieut. Hawkes was charged with fighting a duel with Lieut. Moore, with having entered into an engagement to fight another duel with that officer, and with having used towards him, the said Lieut. Moore, "gross and disreputable language." Lieut. Hawkes was found guilty, in precisely the same qualified degree as was Lieut. Moore, and sentenced to lose two steps in his regiment and be reprimanded by the Commander-in-Chief.

Now, when considering the result of these two courts-martial, originating as they did in the same transaction, one cannot fail to be struck with the disparity of the punishments respectively inflicted upon the two officers. We are not unmindful that Lieut. Moore was the party, who sent the challenge; but the inference to be drawn from this is, that he was the party, who received the insult; and, therefore, that Lieut. Hawkes was the aggressor. We do not profess to know anything more about the transaction than that, which appears on the face of the charges against the two officers, but judging by which we see there, we cannot help forming and expressing an opinion that the sentence passed upon Lieut. Moore is one of undue severity, and that the Commander-in-Chief might have exercised the power vested in him to remit, or modify the penalty. Lieut. Moore is a very young officer—under nineteen years of age, we believe, at this present time; and as there was nothing in the charges against him, exhibiting the inherency in him of vicious propensities, or showing that he was incapable of appreciating the conventional rules of social life, the errors, into which he has been betrayed seem to have been

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in reality, the errors of youth and inexperience. As long as boys, at the age of sixteen, are permitted to hold commissions in the army, so long will such transactions, as those in which Lieut. Moore has been involved, afford employment to military tribunals. Though totally ignorant of the immediate causes of the three duels, in which Lieut. Moore has been engaged, we know enough of these matters generally to feel assured that a young officer, of a retiring disposition and quiet peaceable habits, such as were, we know, those of Lieut. Moore, before joining his regiment, is not very likely at the age of sixteen or eighteen, to spread discord in a corps composed of men very much his seniors, unless great provocation is afforded by the treatment, to which he is subjected by his brother officers. We have known very young men, shortly after joining a regiment, involved in numerous affairs of the same character, as those which constitute the offences, specified in the charges against Lieut. Moore; but in such cases, as far as our experience goes, it invariably happens that advantage has been taken of the youth and inexperience of the tyro, to heap, not designedly, but thoughtlessly, insults upon him, which, though perhaps, merely intended "in joke" a youth of spirit cannot brook. From our own personal knowledge of the character of Lieutenant Moore, as well as from the nature of the court's recommendation, we are induced to think, that this young officer must have been greatly provoked, before he turned round, in the manner shown in the charges against him, upon the society into which he was thrown. Whether the officers, with whom he came in collision, were or were not officers of his own regiment, we do not know, save in the case, which immediately led to the court martial, and in that case Lieut. Moore's opponent was an officer of another corps; but it is to be greatly regretted that there was no one in H. M's 17th, by whose kind counsel and considerate friendship this very young officer, who at the outset of his career, has been dismissed from a service, which he was by nature calculated to adorn, could have been saved from the perpetration of the youthful follies, which have ruined him while yet in his non-age. The effect of all such trials, as these, is, justly or unjustly, to bring a certain degree of discredit on the regiment, to which the prisoner belongs; for people will believe that a very young person thrown among strangers—placed in an entirely new position—will take the impression, on his plastic character, of the society, into which he is thrown. Such indeed, is commonly the case; whether it was so with Lieut. Moore we know not; but we do know that whatever vices he has contracted, have been contracted since he entered the army.

Lieut. Hawkes, who is many years, both as a man and an officer, senior to Lieut. Moore, was, as we have shown, sentenced to lose two steps in his regiment—a very small punishment in the royal service. The man escapes, but the boy is ruined for life. Surely this is not justice. Only two days have passed, since we pointed out that the Commander in Chief had suffered an officer, whom he himself had stigmatised as a "tottering drunkard," to go back to his corps—yet here, in a case where the court not only pronounce the prisoner to be guiltless of conduct unbecoming the character of a gentleman, but recommend him to mercy on account of his youth and inexperience, and of certain favorable circumstances, which transpired in the course of the court martial, the Commander in Chief refuses to listen to the recommendation of the court, and a boy of eighteen or nineteen is dismissed the service, for youthful follies, which, in all probability, he would have survived, to become an excellent officer and a respectable member of society.

## Madras.

CANNANORE November 4. The 36th Regiment N. I. will march hence to Vellore on or about the 20th instant. The Left Wing of Her Majesty's 94th Regiment will leave this for Trichinopoly on the 15th proximo. The following officers will accompany the Wing; Major Lindsay, Captains Bell and Lewis; Lieutenants Maunsell, Dore, Meik, Mercer, Frend, Cardew, and Menzeis; Ensigns Estwick, Ashton, Gwynne, and Poole; and Dr. Turnbull. Dr. Sladen will leave this for the Presidency on the 15th instant, and may be expected to take his seat at the Medical Board by the end of this month.

TRICHINOPOLY November 4.—The weather still continues wet and disagreeable. It is apprehended that the crops will suffer from an overabundance of rain. Such heavy and continued downpours have not been known here for the last ten years. The station however, I am happy to say, is very healthy.

You may form some idea of the state of the roads when I tell you, that for five days we had no tappal from Madras.

It is rumoured that two casks of beer and other creature comforts have been seen floating about one of the rivers intersecting the Madras road: which if true, the owner may give up all hope of having the grateful beverage up in bottle for the coming new year.

The 15th N. I. has been twice disappointed with regard to the presentation of its new colours, owing to the rain.

The Right Wing of H. M. 57th Regiment is all on the qui vive, on being ordered to Madras, as hopes are entertained of the corps being sent to China.

VELLORE November 8.—The Detachments of the 16 Regiment N. I. at Chittoor, Poonamalle, Chingleput. Conjeveram, Arcort. and Arnee, are to be relieved simultaneously. The Detachment at the latter station has already come in, having been relieved by the veterans. That at Chittoor consisting of nearly two Companies will be relieved by a similar detail from the 8th Regiment N. I. which will march hence to-morrow morning under Command of Captain Pritchard of that corps.

We have been favoured with bright sunshine during the last three days, and have had but little rain though accompanied by thunder and lightning. There have been I am glad to observe, but very few cases of Cholera during this period, and a fewer number of casualties.

Whilst the rains poured down incessantly for several days previous, and whilst the Cholera was at its height, their was no thunder or lightning.—*Athenæum, November*, 11.

## China.

THE ADMIRAL.—In the *Register* of the 27th ult. we reported—that the Admiral is said to have expressed the most vehement indignation at the despatch of the *Nimrod*, *Calliope* and *Conway* from China in the present crisis: with reference to Sir W. Parker's feelings on the dispatch of the *Nimrod*, we were misinformed; we have since been told that he approved of her despatch, and ordered Captain Barlow to make all possible haste, but that he highly censured the sending the *Calliope* with treasure. We presume both vessels will be again erelong in the Chinese waters.—*Canton Register, September* 7.

RUMOURED PROGRESS OF THE EXPEDITION.—The Saint Mungo is loading in Hongkong bay for London.

There is no inteiligence of interest from Canton; all is there quiet. The Chinese say that Amoy was captured by the British on the 27th ultimo; and there is a report that news of the re-capture of Chusan, without the slightest resistance, has reached Canton.

H. M.'s ship Herald, with three consorts, was passed on Saturday last off Lintin, on her way to the Bogue.

We have heard it was the intention of Captain Nias to garrison the forts on the island of Wangtung. and to effect this purpose he applied to Brigadier Burrell for troops; but the Brigadier replied that he could not spare any; it is rumoured that Captain Nias will, consequently, destroy the fortifications: such are the strict orders of Admiral Sir W. Parker; either to garrison or destroy the forts in Wangtung, should any proceedings on the part of the provincial government render such measures necessary.—*Ibid, Sept.* 14.

DETENTION OF THE BLACK SWAN.—We have been requested to state, in order to falsify the reports current in Macao, that the *Black Swan*, captain Man, put back in a leaky state to the Hooghly; the following is a true statement of the cause of her detention.

The *Black Swan* started for sea on Thursday morning, the 22d of July and put back to Kedgeree on account of the pilot's dangerous state, from an attack of cholera; captain Man immediately signalized to Calcutta for another pilot; the answer was, take one from the *Mermaid*, which vessel came in that afternoon but without a pilot; her commander immediately wrote to state that no pilots had joined him; upon receipt of his letter, he immediately received an order to proceed to sea, but without any reference or communication respecting a pilot for the *Black Swan*. A pilot joined the *Black Swan* on the—of July, and she put to sea immediately.—*Ibid.*

THE BRIG ROSA.—On one of the latter days of August, a Chinese junk drifted foul of the English brig *Rosa* in junk river, whilst she was at anchor; after much trouble, the crew of the *Rosa* cleared the junk, with the exception of the end of her bowsprit, which remained sticking in the light frame work on the stern of the junk. Mr. Hobbs, the chief mate, ran out on the bowsprit with an axe, and got on this light frame work in order to clear it of the bowsprit of the *Rosa*, by cutting some of it away; while employed in this service, the frame work gave way from under him, and he fell overboard; in his fall his head struck against something and he sank to rise no more. The captain of the *Rosa* was on board the *Thomas Lowry*, when the fouling and the unfortunate accident occurred. The body was afterwards found and buried on French island, in a respectable manner, attended by 13 boats from the different vessels, in procession; the funeral service was read by captain Fraser, of the *Good Success*. The captain of the junk was detained until he had defrayed the expenses of the funeral, which amounted to Dolrs. 180

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|---|---|---|---|
| To Chinese for finding the body, | Ds. | 100 | |
| D. | for the grave | .. | 50 |
| Do. | for the coffin | .. | 30—Ds. 180 |

No further intelligence has arrived from Amoy; the English fleet must have reached the rendezvous, Chapel island, on the 25th or 26th ultimo.—*Ibid, Sept.* 7.

STATE OF AFFAIRS AT CANTON.—We have been informed that Mr. Coolidge has been extremely urgent in his recommendations to the English merchants to leave Canton; but we are glad to say that his interested advice has been but slightly regarded—There are rumours of a militia having been raised from the different villages for the purpose of keeping the numerous ladrones in check; and the planting of stakes and sinking boats laden with stones in the channel by which H. M.'s Ships approached Canton, is also attributed to the same motive. We have no faith in Chinese professions, but these explanations are at least feasible; but the obstructions in the river should be at once cleared away for H. M.'s Ships can *there* protect the honest and peaceable inhabitants.

But with reference to any danger attending on the residence of the British merchants in Canton, we would ask,—after the two severe lessons the authorities, military, and people have had, is it likely, while operations are carrying on the northward which *may* induce the emperor, *Taouk wang the effulgence of reason*, to listen to reason; is it probable, we would ask that, without positive orders from the emperor, the authorities of this province would again break the truce, when *it is possible* that negotiations for peace, under the emperor's sanction, may be on foot elsewhere: and should matters so turn out, how would the Canton authorities excuse themselves to their emperor for breaking the truce without specific orders, and again involving their province in the horrors of war and themselves certain disgrace and defeat? We repeat our opinion that the English merchants may reside with perfect safety from any violence to life and property in Canton, although comfortless and unprofitable enough such a residence may be; for from late information we learn that the pillage of the factories had its commencement in the search or arms, as is evident from the ripping up of the floors, stair-cases and partitions; it had been represented to the high commissioners that large quantities of arms and ammunition were concealed in the English factory; and about 300 troops were detached to search the factories under a second *Wangchung*: as they proceeded in the search, the troops at the *Shameen* batteries heard of the circumstances, and they, to the number of about 2000, joined the detachment from the city: hence the pillage of the factories the Manchow troops sold the British broad and long cloths &c. by auction. We are happy to state that the Anne Jane and Pestonjee Bomanjee will shortly proceed to Whampoa. Green teas have fallen greatly in price.

Raw Cotton we are told is down to taels 8. 7m., and only very superior Banda was ruling at that figure; but if 5 or 10 per cent. above the market value is given for teas, more will nominally be given for cotton: the principal advantage in this mode of conducting business being to swell the amount of commissions; the hong merchants are complaining that parties who obtained teas from them in April and May last, and shipped them for England, under solemn promises of paying cash for the teas, in whole or in part, are now and been forcing raw cotton only on them in payment, and regulating the price by a sale of a small quantity to an uninterested customer, and then demanding the same price from them for a much larger quantity: but we trust these complaints are groundless, and that the proceedings can be satisfactorily justified.—

DEPARTURE OF CAPTAIN ELLIOTT.—On Tuesday last at 530. p. m. Captain Charles Elliott, R. N. lady and family embarked in an open boat from the Praya Grande to join the Hon. Co.'s armed steamer *Atalanta*, in Macao roads, Captain Elliot was saluted with 13 guns from the fort Sam Pedro on his embarkation. The French national corvette Danaide saluted Sir Gordon Bremer's broad penant. The *Atalanta* made sail immediately Captain Elliot got on board—*Ibid, August* 31.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.—Our latest advices from Canton are of the 26th inst. The city was tranquil, it is impossible to dispose of imports in any quantity; about as many of the traders had returned as in May last; our Chinese informant says that eight-tenths of the inhabitants have come back to their homes.

The Hong merchants are deluding the mselves with the idea that Amoy will not be attacked; and that hostilities will not be resorted to; but that H. M.'s plenipotentiary will patiently await a reply from Peking to his communication lately forwarded from Canton.

Imports of all kinds are most difficult of sale, and prices have probably never been so law since the trade was re-opened, the prices of teas, of which there remain but small quantities, and those are of inferior qualities, are but slightly lower than they were in April and May last.

With reference to the business of the coming season, surely the foreign merchants will make some combined and strenuous efforts to avoid the payment of the consoo taxes; could they not at once conduct business direct with the tea men without the interference of those ememies of all foreigners, the hong-merchants?

The refusal of Sir H. Pottinger to see the Kwangchowfoo, has struck the Chinese with unutterable astonishment: the laird of Cockpen, when his suite was at first rejected, could not be more astonished! nor Xerxes at the reply of Demaratus nor Darius, when he asked—who are those Spartans?—nor the fudal baron when his born thrall stooped not before him:

Not youthful kings in battle seized alive.
Not scornful virgins who their charms survive,
Not ardent lovers robbed of all their bliss,
Not ancient ladies when refused a kiss,
Not tyrants fierce that unrepenting die,
Not Cynthia when her mantean's pinned away,
Ever felt such rage, resentment, and despair
As Ham's proud sons for their rejected chair.*

* Bynetonomy for officers.

We have been told that the Chinese in Canton are completely dumbfoundered at this consumacious conduct of the English barbarians. Old Loo said in 1834 that the officers of the celestial empire were forbiden to hold intercourse with the outside barbarians; on the 24th of August 1841 they seek that intercourse and are rebuffed, the world is at an end the capture of their forts, of their city, and its ransom; these deeds were nothing: it was a mere yeiding to brute force: but that their prefect,—an officer who knows the whole science of civil government, and all the books of ceremonies by heart?—that his gracious condescending advances should be refused by a foreign devil, was not to be believed: sooner would the stream run back to their source, and the craggy mountains become level plains ere the renovating influence of the presence of the public officer of the celestial empire should fail: but the rivers still flow on to the ocean and the thousand hills and everlasting mountains stand firm—but—tell it not in the city of the rams, breathe it not in the streets of the nothern capital that the kuangchowfoo of Canton has been denied an audience by h. b. m.'s plenipotentiary! truly, as the imperial edict told lord Amherst, when he did not see the celestial countenance of heaven's son in Peeking his good fortune has been small.

Poor old Howqua was taken ill on the announcement of the unbelievable news; and was not to be seen all the next day, now if to make an impression was the desideratum, did not sir H. Pottinger act well in refusing to see the Kwangchowjood?—*Ibid.*

DEATH OF CAPTAIN DOWNES.—Captain Downes of the Blakely, who had been slightly indisposed but was again well, went from Whampoa to Canton on last Wednesday afternoon, in an open boat, he arrived about 6. p. m.; and was soon afterwards observed to be slightly delirious, but very quiet; he was put to bed and appeared so well and tranquil, that to keep a watch in his chamber was thought unnecessary; but when the Chinese coolly went into his room early in the morning, Captain Downes was found to be a corpse in his bed.—*Ibid.*

SUNKS JUNKS.—Just below Whampoa reach there are some sunken junks, which are very dangerous obstacles to vessels proceeding up or down; and captains of ships should keep a strict eye on their Chinese pilots, if they now employ such encumbrances—*Ibid*

IMPEDIMENTS TO THE NAVIGATION OF THE CANTON RIVER. Just above Heangshan, in the inner passage, the Chinese have raised two embankments, or causeways, faced with stone, projecting into the river, which narrows the channel to a mere slip, through which it is necessary to warp the Chinese boats, we would respectfully suggest to the commanding officer of the British squadron, to require the magistrate of Heangshan to remove immediately these impediments to the free and open navigation of that branch of the Canton river—*Ibid.*

## Domestic Occurrences.

### MADRAS.

MARRIAGE.

At old Town Cuddalore, on Tuesday the 2d November, by the Reverend Joseph Knox, Richard Smith, to Miss Mary Jane Beck, Eldest daughter of the late Walter Beck, and step daughter of Mr. Conductor J. Orford.

BIRTHS.

At St. Thomas's Mount, on Saturday the 6th November, Mrs. C. D'Santos, wife of Assistant Apothecary C. D'Santos, of the 2d Battalion Artillery of a son.

At Mercara, on the 1st October, 1841, the wife of Mr. Girald Jacques, First Clerk, Coorg Superintendents office, of a son, still born.

At Madras, on the 5th November the wife of Assistant Apothecary J. Flynn, attached to the Government Dispensary, of a daughter.

At Dharwar, on the night of the 26th October, the lady of the Revd. Mr. Lehner, of the German Mission, of a Son.

At Porto Navo, on the 1st Nov., the wife of Mr. J. R. Hazle, Assistant Revenue Surveyor, 5th Division, of a daughter.

At Bath, on the 30th Aug., the lady of Captain J. F. Bird, 22d Regt. M. N. I., of a son.

DEATHS.

At Kamptee on the 20th ultimo, Quarter Master Serjeant Thomas, of the 43d Regiment N. I. leaving a disconsolate widow and several children to bemoan their irreparable loss.

At Ootacamund, Neilgherry Hills, on the Morning of the 28th Oct., George Beauchamp, the youngest son of Captain H. C. Gosling, D. A. C. Genl., aged nearly 18th months, beloved and deeply regretted.

At Poodoopett Madras, on Monday the 1st Nov., Mary, the wife Mr. R. Hosie aged 25 years, deeply regretted by her relatives and friends.

At Secunderabad on the 18th October Mary Ann the infant daughter of Color Serjeant J. Mahony of the 1st E. M. Regt. aged 1 year and 1 month.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

DEAR SIR,—It is really matter of extreme surprize to a great many that the late date at which the *marine animals* of the "Hastings" are paid monthly has not hitherto attracted attention in the proper quarter, for what with salt horse (ugh! the very thoughts of its misavoury odour disturbs my alfactory propriety) and biscuit that possesses the power of locomotion within itself, the affair has actually amounted to a positive nuisance.

I really am not aware of the existence of any objection to the "Hastings" being paid off monthly at some christian date and not as at present, to be kept day after day in all the horrors of "hope deferred" for the consummation of ones most devout wishes. No pretext however plausible, is a sufficient extenuation of the culpable delay, as the great personal inconvenience it entails on individuals can scarcely be conceived by those in the receipt of their tens of thousands," and its further progress should consequently at once be checked before it attains a maturity of growth, when it will become too late to complain and long custom will be gravely pleaded as an excuse for the continuance of a system vehemently deprecated by all.

Yours very Obediently
STOKES.

P. S. This is the 20th of the month and no pay has yet been received for last month, and none likely to be given for another week this is too bad!! S.

Bombay Harbour 28th Nov. 1841.

## NOTICE.

THE undersigned is hereby authorized to sign all Bills, Accounts, Vouchers and Receipts on account of the Proprietor of this Journal.

WILLIAM McDONALD.

*Bombay Gazette Office, 9th Nov.* 1841.

"Measures, not Men."

# THE GAZETTE

**Monday, November 22, 1841.**

**Saturday Evening's Dawk.**

OUR Calcutta papers to the 10th Instant, Madras United Service Gazette to the 12th Instant. From the Englishman of the 9th we learn, that at a Meeting of the Tropic Insurance Company a dividend of Rs. 300 per share was declared. He gives an extract from a letter from Ferozepoor, which leads the Englishman to doubt the skill and prudence of General Sale in the late affair near Cabool. Our loss is computed at forty killed and wounded, amongst the latter General Sale Lts. Oakes and Mein of the 13th Lt. Infy. Younghusband and Coombs of the 35 B. N. I. Another brush with the enemy was expected. Other accounts from Cabool mention that two Officers of H. M.'s 44th Regt. were shut up in a Fort at Lughwar, Teergvree.

The same paper of the 10th contains nothing of interest beyond an extract from General Orders, which we have transcribed, containing the result of the Court Martial held upon Lt. Colville Moore of H. M.'s 17th Regt. We deeply regret to say that it has terminated unfavourably to that Gentleman.

The *Hurkaru* of the 9th Inst. informs us that Government have refused to purchase the Steamer *India*; alleging as a reason, that she will not carry a sufficient number of Troops. She is to be sold by auction, Major Todd had arrived at Calcutta *to thank Lord Auckland in person for his kindness &c. &c.* The Moulmein Merchants have memorialized Mr. Blundell, Commissioner in the Tennasserim Provinces against the warlike attitude we have assumed; declaring that they have, from *authentic** sources, every right to believe that no reason exists for present outward shews and public boasts of hostility. Whatever weight might with safety be given to this opinion, the Commissioner's answer is, that the subject of the paragraph being political, he regrets he cannot be guided by their advice in such matters.

The *Hurkaru* of the 10th Inst. contains an article on the General Court Martial lately held on Lt. Moore H. M.'s 17th Regt. which is so perfectly correct in all its bearings, and so much in accordance with our own views that we extract it in full. Some remarks of our own on the same subject will be found in another column.

The Calcutta *Courier* of the 10th Instant, contains a report of rather a curious case in the Supreme Court where cause was shewn against a citation calling upon a husband, who had obtained a divorce, to pay up arrears of alimony which had been decreed against him. An adjudication of insolvency was put in, and an affidavit to the effect that the husband was possessed of no property whatever, and it was contended that the wife was only a creditor, and that her claim was barred by the adjudication.

On the other hand it was argued that a claim for alimony bore no analogy to an annuity, inasmuch as it would admit of no valuation; and that the proper mode would have been to have moved for a reduction of the amount, and not to contest the claim on the score of non-liability. The Court agreed in this opinion, and confirmed the order according to the citation. We have not room for the report to day.

The ceremony of laying the foundation of the Roman Catholic convent Church was to take place on the 11th Inst

The Madras *U. S. Gazette* announces the departure of the George the 4th to England on the 11th Inst.

* The Italics are ours.—ED. BY. GAZ.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 28 June, 2017

YESTERDAY'S DAWK. We received our Madras Papers of the 13th Instant yesterday. From the Herald we learn that the left wing His Majesty's 94th Regiment relieves the 59th at Trichinopoly. Lieutenant Bates Her Majesty's 82nd foot Aid-de-Camp to Lord Elphinstone is appointed to act as Military Secretary to his Lordship. The Spectator informs us, that as the Ship George the 4th was getting under weigh a collision took place between her and the Ship Charles Dumergue. But little damage seems to have been done. Her Majesty's 57th Regiment have been giving a ball which seems to have "gone off" with great eclat. The 32d Madras Native Infantry are ordered to move to Hyderabad to relieve the 35th M. N. I. and the detachments furnished to Hassan are to be withdrawn. A very questionable step we imagine.

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The Detachment of the 2d E. Lt. Infy. 250 strong proceeding to Moulmein had lodged their arms in theArsenal ; and the remainder, 200 men were to do so on the 13th Inst. A large proportion of shotted ammunition is be taken in the two ships conveying this Detachment.

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THE 2d Regiment Grenadiers has not yet arrived from Scinde. It is looked for hourly ; and on landing, will encamp on theParade ground on the Esplanade.

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WE perceive by an announcement in last Thursday's Government Gazette that a Confirmation will be held by the Bishop of Bombay (not the *Lord Bishop)* on Thursday next the 25th inst.

We beg to refer the Registrar to the "Table of Precedence" wherein he will find the correct mode of designating our worthy Diocesan. Public documents cannot be too correctly worded, and courtesy is not required in announcement through a Government Gazette.

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AN Inquest was held on Saturday before G. Noton Esq. and a respectable Jury, on the body of a woman, who was run over by a horse on the previous evening, and who died from the injuries she received.

The Inquest we hear was postponed till this day.

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A Soldier of the Bombay European Regimen, L. I. was brought down from Poona on Saturday last under Escort, and lodged in the country Jail on a charge of having caused the death of another Soldier of the same Corps by a blow struck with his first which caused the deceased to fall, from the consequences of which he died. We understand the unfortunate man who caused the death of the deceased received considerable provocation, besides having been struck three times before he returned the blow, and that in its main features this case is precisely similar to that of the Artillery man who was tried before Sir Erskine Perry the sessions before the last, and who was sentenced to 14 days, imprisonment.

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WE give insertion to a communication signed "STOKES," complaining of the great delay with which "the marine animals" of the Hastings are paid their monthly stipend ; and hope, as earnestly as our correspondent himself, that the subject will attract the notice of those who have the power of obviating the grievance complained of. That the issue of Pay to Government servants on, and about, the 20*th of a month*, is a practice that should not be permitted to predominate in any branch of the service, all will agree to ; more especially, as it is known to originate in naught but shea neglect on the part of the heads of the Offices thro' which the Abstracts are required to pass.

"STOKES" will oblige us, the next time be finds a subject to address us upon, by being a little more careful in his composition than he has been in his present letter, which, as he will see, we have inserted *verbatim*.

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THE NIGHT before last the inhabitants of Kalkadivee and its neighbourhood were much amused and entertained by the celebration of the Roman Catholic annual Feast at the large Chapel of that place. The ceremony commenced, we are told, about half past six o'clock, and continued till near ten enlivening the concourse of people that had assembled about the place to witness the festival, with the most delightful music yet heard by the congregation, and also at intervals with a pretty grand display of Fireworks.

OUR information is on good authority, and however painful the duty may be of bringing to light the following circumstance, as impartial Journalists we do not concieve that we are called upon to conceal the public acts of parties however high in office.

The remains of two individuals, one the late leader of the Garrison Band, the other an infant, had been removed from their homes to the cemetery in Back Bay for the purpose of interment on the Evening of Saturday last. The mourners waited two hours for the Officiating Clergyman to perform the last ceremony over the dead. We are sorry to say that the Minister was *from some oversight, or want of instruction, or the pressure of other duties* prevented attending. The Parties left the ground,and the bodies in their shells remained exposed in the burial ground the whole of that night ; on yesterday morning the friends were again collected to witness the performance of the last sad offices over the departed. We leave this for the proper authorities to investigate and shall revert to it more fully hereafter, should we find them wanting in their duty. How, we would ask, will the Natives of India look upon this act as regards the value of the last offices appertaining to our religion where such neglect marks the conduct of our Ministers ?

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WE have in our Summary of Indian Intelligence noticed an article in the Bengal Hurkaru relative to the result of the General Court Martial lately held upon Lt. E. C. Moore of H. M's. 17th Regiment. Although our Cotemporary professes his ignorance of the transaction beyond what appears on the face of the Charges we can assure him, he has drawn a most faithful picture of the circumstances attendant upon the case. Compared with the seutence passed upon Lt. Hawks of the 4th or King's own Regt. the award of the Court in Mr. Moore's case and its confirmation by the Commander in Chief appears to us most flagrantly unjust. At the time we perused the General Order which contained Lt. Hawks' Court Martial, and the sentence passed, we were struck with the inadequacy of the punishment for the crime of which he stood convicted. In his case no plea of youth, of inexperience or ignorance of the laws of society can be adduced. He is an officer of some ten or twelve years standing, and was moreover the *aggressor*. On this occasion in addition to his having previously taken a liberty in Lt. Moore's house, such as no youg man of spirit could fail to resent, he commenced the use of language towards that Gentleman which precluded the possibility of his taking other than the steps he did. The grossness and indelicacy of this language was such that we cannot further describe it, and altho' in the heat of passion Mr. Moore may have retorted, surely he is entitled to some consideration as the provoked party. Mr. Moore stands acquitted of conduct unbecoming the character of a Gentleman—he has offended against the articles of war which with respect to duelling have no connection with the rules of civil society. We protest most solemnly against the nature of the 1st. charge. This is the first instance we believe on record where the crime of duelling bas been assimilated to that of Habitual drunkenness.—"*the third instance within 6 months.*" We know that the then Commanding officer was fully acquainted with the former instances when Mr. Moore was engaged as a Principal, and if he thought it necessary, he should then have taken proper steps, such as in all probability would have prevented the cause of the unfortunate ituation in which Mr. Moore is now placed. This is the first time we ever heard of a Regimental defaulter's Book being kept as a Register of an officer's offences; tho' there are it is true such things as things as "red crosses" at the Horse Guards. If Lt. Moore's conduct in the transactions which have been made to form part of the 1st Charge was not that of a Gentleman, or if the steps he took on these occasions were not such as became an officer. we presume he would not have been allowed to remain in the Service, But the idea of allowing so young a man to go the whole "length of his letter" without remonstrance, or reprimand or friendly adviee and waiting for an opportunity to bring up old scores against him is not only monstrous to suppose, but contrary to the spirit of the Queen's Service, involving a degree of cruelty and oppression such as we never imagined to exist in it. Not being in full possession of the evidence we shall for to day merely remark npon the subject of the Court Martial generally. Duelling has been and ever will be the mode in which, officers in the two Services settle those quarrels which do not admit of amicable adjustment. We, in common with others, may regret this, we may lament that such is not only the custom but the rule, but nevertheless however painful the statement may be, or however it may astonish some of our readers, it is undeniable fact. Thank God ! the blow, the lie, or such language as that which Lieutenant Hawkes commenced towards Mr. Moore and that Gentleman unfortunately under excited feelings retorted upon him are what we seldom hear of as forming the base of charges against Military men. In either of these three cases according to Military usage there are but two courses for an officer to pursue. He must either notice it by sending a friend to the opposite party, or by reporting the circumstance to his Commanding officer. The 95th article of War tells us that "we hereby acquit officers andSoldiers of any disgrace or opinion of disadvantage which might arise from their having refused to accept of Challenges &c." But what, we would ask, and our Military friends in particular, would be the consequences to an officer who having received an insult, made a report to his Commanding officer, or in other words "went and told his mother"? What would be the conduct of his brother officers towards him ? would they court his society as they perhaps might previously have done ? Would they enter into the same brotherly intercourse with him:- intercourse which ought to be and is the prevailing feature of every well constituted Regiment ? No! He would be shunned, avoided, and scouted by every officer in the Regiment ; his comfort in it from the absence of all familiar friendship would be at an end ; and in the course of time, from having become aware of the suspicions attached to him, his confidence in himself would be gone also. If the fighting a duel is, in all cases, to be considered strictly as a crime and the articles of War enforced pari manu, the sooner it is declared the better, but at present the articles of War on this head and their partial application is a perfect anomaly. We do not speak as of a professed duellist for in the case before us that of Mr. Moore, a boy of 18 or 19 years of age, it would be as absurd, as the application would be untrue. We are now writing on generalities, but as we hope to be in possession of the whole proceedings in the course of the day, we will minutely examine them, and laying our opinions and inferences openly and unreservedly before our readers to-morrow or Wednesday, allow them to form their own, as to the impartial administration of Military Justice in India. With reference to the last charge *especially* we beg our readers to withhold their judgement;—we have the whole correspondence as it was laid before the General Court Martial, in our possession, and which, should we deem it necessary, we shall publish at length. We have taken up the cause of this young boy on no slight conception of the injustice which has been done him. We have no former friendship or even acquaintance to urge us on in our promised vindication of the fallen ; we may fail in our endeavours to shew the correctness of our judgement, but with honesty of intention, with such documents as we have in our possession, and the Hurkaru to help us, we hope to give a color to this transaction such as no one who had merely perused the charges, finding, sentence, and confirmation of the Court Martial would believe it capable of receiving.

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# GENERAL ORDERS.

BY THE HON'BLE THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

## MARINE DEPARTMENT.

*Bomboy Castle, 11th November* 1841.

No. 134 of 1841.—Mr. Henry Spiller, 2nd Class Engineer, is promoted to the rank of 1st Class Engineer from the 1st instant.

*Bombay Castle, 12th November* 1841.

No. 135 of 1841.—The following temporary appointments and arrangements are confirmed.

*By the Superintendent of the Indian Navy.*

Mr. Higgins, Acting master, Supernumerary on board the Hastings, to the temporary charge of the Prince Regent Yatch, from the 10th of July last.

Mr. Midshipman Woolaston, to be Acting Lieutenant of the Honorable Company's Sloop of War Clive, from the 24th of August last.

Acting Assistant Apothecary Kennedy, proceeding to join the Military Force at Aden, to be accommodated with a passage on board the Brig Palmurus, at the Warrant Officer's Table of that Vessel, from the 24th of June to the 16th of July last, both days inclusive.

Writer E. S. Pereira, proceeding to Aden, to join the Executive Engineer's Establishments at that place, to be accommodated with a passage on board the Victoria, at the Warrant Officer's Table of that Vessel, from the 1st of September last.

Lieutenant Hewitt, employed in rendering assistance to the Ship Donna Pascoa, was accommodated at the Commander's Table of the Hugh Lindsay from the 21st to the 27th of May last, both days inclusive.

Messrs. Midshipmen Leeds, Taylor and Hunt, employed in rendering assistance to the Ship Donna Pascoa, were accommodated at the Commander's Table of the Hugh Lindsay from the 21st to the 27th of May last, both days inclusive.

Assistant Surgeon Bowie, proceeding on duty to Karrack, to be accommodated with a passage on board the Schooner Emily, at the Commander's Table, from the date of sailing of that Vessel.

His Excellency the Naval Commander in Chief the Rear Admiral Sir William Parker, K. C. B. and Suite,, proceedings to join the China Expedition, to be accommodated with a passage on board the Hon'ble Company's Steam Frigate Sesostris, at the Commander's Table of that Vessel, from the 17th of July to the 10th of August last, both days inclusive.

The Engineers and Boiler-makers below mentioned, proceeding to join the Indus Flotilla, to be accommodated with a passage on board the Auckland, at the Warrant Officer's Table, from the date of sailing of that Vessel.

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|---|---|
| Mr. G. H. Randall, 1st Class Engineer. | Mr. James Wood, Boiler-maker. |
| ,, J. Johnstone,..2nd..do. | ,, John Hutton,.....ditto. |
| ,, J. Seager.....3rd..do. | |

Mr. Metcalf, Acting Purser of the Hon'ble Company's Steam Frigate Auckland, performed the duty of Clerk in addition of Purser of that Vessel, from the 16th June to the 18th of July, and for 25th of August 1841.

Assistant Apothecary Kennedy, proceeding to join the Military Force at Aden, to be accommodated with a passage on board the Auckland, at the Warrant Officer's Table of that Vessel, from the 19th of July to the 8th of August last.

Mr. Baker, 2nd Class Engineer, proceeding on sick certificate to England, to be accommodated with a passage on board the Auckland, at the Engineer's Mess of that Vessel, at public expence, from the 27th of April to the 15th of May last.

Assistant Surgeon Impey, attached to the Hugh Lindsay for the Trip to Cannanore, to be accommodated at the Commander's Table of that Vessel, from the 15th to the 30 of September.

One European Servant of Sir James Rivett Carnac late Governor of Bombay, proceeded from hence to Suez, was accomodated with a passage on board the Auckland, at the Warrant Officer's Table of that Vessel from the 27th of April to the 16th of May last.

Mr. Assistant Surgeon Dent, proceeding to join the Indus Flotilla, to relieve Mr. Acting Assistant Surgeon Knight, to be accommodated with a passage to Kurratchee, at the Officer's Table of the Auckland, from the 8th of September last.

Captain Lord Viscount Amiens, of Her Majesty's 15th Hussars, proceeding to join his Regiment, to be accommodated with a passage to Cannanore on board the Hugh Lindsay, at the Commander's Table, from the date of sailing of that Vessel.

Commander Lowe, from sick quarters to resume the command of the Hon'ble Company's Steam Frigate Auckland, from the 17th of September last.

Lieutenant Hewitt, from the Auckland to the command of the Hon'ble Company's Iron Steam Vessel Medusa, from the 17th of September last.

By the Senior Indian Naval Officer at Aden.

Mr. James Gibbon, Purser I. N. proceeding on duty to the Presidency to be accommodated with a passage on board the Cleopatra, at the Commander's Table of that Vessel, from the 28th of July to the 25th of August last.

Mr. H. Williams, Ship's Clerk, proceeding on duty to the Presidency to be accommodated with a passage on board the Cleopatra, at the Officer's Table of that Vessel, from the 28th of July to the 25th of August last.

Lieutenant J. H Aryton of the 10th Regiment Native Infantry, proceeding on duty to the Presidency, to be accommodated with a passage on board the Cleopatra, at the Commander's Table of that Vessel, from the 19th of June to the 7th of July last, both days inclusive.

At the requisition of the Political Agent, Mr. Coffin to be received on board the Berenice, proceeding to England with Letters to Her Majesty, as public passenger to Suez, and accommodated at the Commander's Table from the date of sailing of that Vessel.

By Captain Rogers, Commanding the H. C. Steam Vessl Atalanta,

Mr. Betham, Acting Pursur of the Atalanta, to perform the duties of Clerk in addition of Purser of that Vessel from the 12th of April 1840 to the 11th of May 1841, both days inclueive.

Mr. Augustus Hugh Whichelo, to be ship's Clerk of the Hon'ble Company's Steam Vessel Atalanta, from the 12th of May last.

By Commodore G. B. Brucks, Commanding the Indian Naval Squadron in the Gulf of Persia.

Lieuteuant Stephens of the Coote, proceeding on sick certificate from Karrack to the Presidency, to be accommodated with a passage on board the Barque Braemer agreeably to the Regulation, from the 12th of July to the 10th August last.

Mr. Purser Smith of the Coote, permitted to reside on shore at Karrack for the benefit of his health, from the 1st to the 11th of July last.

By Commander W. Lowe, Commanding the H. C. Steam Frigate Auckland.

The undermentioned Engineers, proceeding from Suez to Bombay, to join the Indian Navy, to be accommodated with a passage on board the Auckland at the Warrant Officer's Table, from the 18th of May to the 6th of June, 1841.

Mr. J. Taylor, 2nd class Engineer.
,, R. Patterson.....ditto.
,, R. W Patterson, 3rd....ditto.
,, Allen Cunningham,.....ditto.

*By Lieutenant Jardine, Commanding the Steam Flotilla on the River Indus.*

The undermentioned Officers proceeding on duty from Hyderabad to Sukkur, to be accommodated with a passage on board the Iron Steam Vessel, Satelite, at the Commander's Table of that Vessel, from the 12th to the 20th of July last, both days inclusive.

Ensign C. W. Hodgson, 1st Grenadier Regiment Native Infantry.
Ensign W. Pirie.....1st ditto ditto.

The undermentioned Officers proceeding on duty from Kuratchie to Ghurra, to be accommodated with a passage on board the Steam Vessel Snake, at the Commander's Table, for one day, the 23rd of October last.

Major General Brooks.
Brigadier Valiant, K. H.
Major Holland, Deputy Quarter Master General.
Captain Davidson, Assistant Commissary General.

At the requisition of Major Outram, Political Agent Hydrabad.

Second Lieutenant Ferry, proceeding on Field Service to Upper Scinde, to be accommodated with a passage on board the Iron Steam Vessel Meteor, at the Commander's Table, from Hydrabad to Metanai, from the 5th to the 16th of August last, both days inclusive.

Assistant Surgeon Baines, proceeding on Field Service to Upper Scinde, to be accommodated with a passage on board the Iron Steam Vessel Meteor, at the Commander's Table, from Hydrabad to Metanai, from the 5th to the 20th of May last.

At the requistion of the Political Agent in Lower Scinde, the undermentioned Officers to be accommodated with a passage on board the Iron Steam Vessel Satelite, at the Commander's Table, from the date specified opposite their respective name's.

Lieutenant Charles Hervey of the Scinde Irregular Horse, from the 30th of April to the 8th of May last, both days inclusive.

Captain Cooper, of Her Majesty's 40th Regiment, from the 18th to the 24th of April last, both days inclusive.

Ensign H. Stacy, of Her Majesty's 40th Regiment, from the 18th to the 24th of April last, both days inclusive.

Lieutenant Montgomery, of Her Majesty's 13th Light Infantry, from the 18th to the 24th of April last, both days inclusive.

Lieutenant W. S. Terry, of the Artillery, from the 2nd to the 4th of May last.

Assistant Sergeon Baines, from the 2d to the 5th May last.

*By order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council*
(Signed) P. M. MELVILL, Lieut. Col. *Secy. to Govt.*

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## CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

### *GENERAL DEPARTMENT.*

*Bombay Castle, 12th November* 1841.

D. Davidson Esquire, acting 2nd assistant to the collector of Belgaum, is allowed leave of absence to proceed to England, on private affairs, for eighteen months, from the 1st December next.

*Bombay Castle, 16th November* 1841.

The Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased the notify for general information, that W. A. Goldfinch Esquire, was examined in the printed regulations on the 6th instant, and was found competent to enter on the transaction of public business.

*By order of the Hon'ble the Governor in council,*
W. R. MORRIS, *Secy. to Govt.*

### *JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.*

*Bombay Castle, 12th November* 1841.

Lieutenant E. W. Agar is appointed commandant of the Guzerat cooly police corps, until further orders.

Lieut. C. F. Grant, of the 3d Regiment N. I. is appointed, under the provisions of Act No. XIV. of 1835, an assistant magistrate in the Ahmedabad and Kaira collectorates, and to act as adjutant of the Guzerat cooly police corps.

*By order of the Hon,ble the Governor in Council,*
J. P. WILLOUGHBY,
*Offg. Chief Secy. to Govt.*

### TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT.

REVENUE.

*Bombay Castle, 12th November* 1841.

G. A. Shaw Esquire, acting collector of Belgaum, is permitted to proceed into the districts on deputation.

*Bombay Castle, 13th November* 1841.

The leave of absence granted to assistant surgeon J. H. Peart, superintendent of the American cotton planters, on the 12th ultimo, is extended to the 30th instant.

Mr. P. Scott, first assistant to the collector of Poona, is allowed leave of absence for three months, from the 11th ultimo, to proceed to Mahableshwur, for the benefit of his health.

*Bombay Castle, 15th November* 1841.

G. Inverarity Esquire, returned to his duties in the Belgaum collectorate, on the 21st ultimo.

G. Inverarity Esquire, has been placed in charge of the Talooka of Sumpgaum, in the Belgaum collectorate, on permanent deputation.

Mr. W. A. Goldfinch, assistant to the collector and magistrate of Belgaum, joined his appointment on the 31st ultimo.

*By order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council.*
D. BLANE, Actg. Secy. to Govt

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